



## Case study factsheet

# Timisoara, Romania

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Project NextGen

Regional Water Utility AQUATIM SA, Timisoara, Western Romania, Timis County , **Romania**



## Description

The Timisoara water system is operated by AQUATIM SA (public company). The regional utility is offering services for drinking water (28 water treatment plants) and operate regional wastewater treatment plants(22 in their area) as well as leakage reductions in the distribution systems. The water coming from the city wastewater collection system enters the waste water treatment plant through four main sewers and goes through the mechanical and advanced biological treatment facilities, prior to be discharged into the Bega river. The mechanical treatment phase includes four coarse and fine screens, equipped with cleaning, waste compaction and storage systems.

When the sewage stream exceeds the designed capacity limit, the excess is taken by four first flush storage tanks. When this limit is also exceeded, the stream is screened by an automated cleaned rack and then pumped into the Bega river, by seven Flygt pumps, at a rate of 3,500 l/s. The biological treatment phase includes the nitrification-denitrification process and the chemical treatment for the removal of phosphor. The tank has a capacity of 106,600 cubic meters and is divided into four sections. The removal of phosphor is achieved by chemical treatment, using the ferrous sulphate as coagulation agent and a dosing and injection system. The biomass is separated in eight secondary circular settlers, with diameters of 40-48 m. In the project CS#10, the project will tackle the thermochemical conversion of sewage sludge and will study the water reuse for several industries in Timisoara.

At the Timisoara WWTP, pilot-scale testing of thermochemical conversion of sludge will be implemented. The technology demonstrated will be pyrolysis (via thermo-catalytic reforming) of aerobically stabilised sewage sludge to produce biochar, oil and gas. These products can be exploited energetically as fuel or soil enhancing agent or sorbent. The water reuse of the secondary effluent of the Timisoara WWTP will be studied, looking into the feasibility for urban (e.g. street cleaning, park irrigation), industrial and agricultural (farm land irrigation) applications.

For the water re-use study, the local project partners will map potential users by performing a water demand analysis of municipality, industrial and agricultural users, will describe the water quality issues related to sectoral water reuse and suggest treatment options, , and will assess the different environmental and economic/financial implications that could result from water re-use.

## Technology performance and best practices

### Feasibility study on reclaimed water production at regional level

The study of water reuse in the Timișoara Metropolitan area shows that a more profound cost-benefit analysis understanding of the economic viability and opportunity of water reuse systems is needed. The involvement of various stakeholders available locally is also important, along with understanding the capacity of water resources management and societal involvement. Even though water reuse is currently implemented in some European countries, water reuse projects will only succeed in Romania if water-related and industrial authorities along with users will understand and apply the Integrated Water Resources Management (IRWM) concept. The three cases investigated showed that wastewater reuse is not easy to implement in the current way of placing the WWTPs - downstream and outside settlements. The cost of return the reclaimed water back in the city/localities is going to be too high due to the pumping needed. Also, returning reclaimed water back where would be needed requires expensive solutions to cross the city old area.

Prior to implementing circular economy solutions for water recovery at full-scale and at a local or regional level, it is recommended to conduct a feasibility evaluation. The study carried out in Timișoara also integrated potential stakeholders which could benefit from the implementation of advanced treatments for the wastewater in order to obtain the reclaimed water for reuse, established collaboration with the local and regional administration, and conducted dissemination and communication activities to increase the knowledge and awareness on water scarcity, water reuse and circular economy. The study focused on recovering 100% of the current WWTP effluent (10 800 m<sup>3</sup>/h). Three clients for reclaimed water use, as well as the cost to build the reclaimed water distribution network and the water quality required for the selected uses, were identified. More details are provided in [D1.3](#).

### Biochar, oil and gas production via sludge pyrolysis

In Timișoara, a pyrolysis process was tested as a side stream treatment of dried digestate to produce pyrolysis gas, oil as well as biochar. The recovery rate was 18% gas, 2% oil and 63% biochar. The pyrolysis batch experiments with the sludge originating from Timișoara showed a potential to substitute around 3100 m<sup>3</sup> natural gas/d with an up-scaled system. More details are provided in [D1.5](#).

## Outcome of assessments

### Quantitative microbial risk assessment (QMRA)

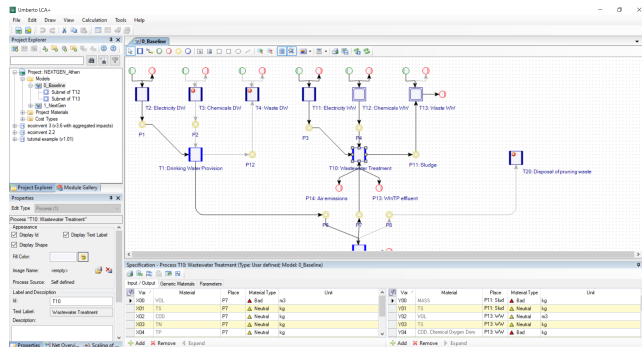
At the case study in Timisoara, the QMRA tool was used to explore the potential for the reuse of treated wastewater for agricultural irrigation. More details can be found in [D2.1](#).

## Legislation and policy recommendations

In NextGen, we analysed the policy and regulatory landscape to identify relevant opportunities for and barriers to upscaling circular economy in the water sector. Our recommendations, targeted at the revised Urban Wastewater Treatment Directive, are summarised in our policy brief. These recommendations focus on creating meaningful incentives and policy drivers towards circular systems (e.g., through energy and carbon neutrality targets, and additional guidance on water recycling) and simplifying the route to market for recovered products (e.g., fertilisers and other materials). Check out our [policy brief](#).

## Applied product

### NEXTGEN + ULTIMATE Life Cycle Assessment



<https://mp.watereurope.eu/d/Product/24>

## Publications and references

- Kleyböcker, A., Kenyeres, I., Poor-Pocsi, E., Nätörp, A., Loreggian, L., Schaub, M., Egli, C., Grozavescu, M., Murariu, M., Radu, B., Scheer, P., Lindeboom, R., Giurgiu, R., Suters, R., Heinze, J., Soares, A., Vale, P., Kim, J., Lanham, A., Hofman, J., D1.5 (2022) New approaches and best practices for closing materials cycle in the water sector, Project report, *NextGen*, GA N°776541, 2022
- Plana Puig, Q., Nanu, C., Groza, I., Soares, A., Vale, P., Monokrousou, K., Makropoulos, C., Katsouras, G., Tsalas, N., Tazes, N., Tsimnadis, K., Lindeboom, R., Plata, C., Suters, R., Kenyeres, I., Plà, M., Filipsson, S., Hedman, F., Kim, J., Hofman, J., D1.3 New approaches and best practices for closing the water cycle, Project report, *NextGen*, 2022

## Scale

Operational scale of this case study related to the application of tools and technologies

- Local scale

## Challenges

Challenges that are addressed through the application of tools and/or technologies to the case study

- Limitations to water reuse and recovery due to low acceptance
- Untapped efficiency potential of water resources
- Increasing water demand by growing industrial sectors
- Need for reuse and recovery schemes for wastewater & sludge

## Related tags

Water reuse

Circular Economy

thermochemical conversion sewage sludge

## Downloads

The following file can be downloaded from the online page of the case study:

<https://mp.watereurope.eu/d/CaseStudy/28>

- [Timisoara \(Romania\)](#)  
(source: Timisoara)

## Contact data

### Contact person

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### Involved organisations

1. AQUATIM
2. Business Development Group

3.   
Centre Tecnològic de Catalunya

Fundació Eurecat (EURECAT)

### URL

<https://nextgenwater.eu/demonstration-cases/timisoara/>